

ՄԻԱՄՆԱԿԱՆ ՔՆՆՈՒԹՅՈՒՆ

2023

ՀՈՒԼԻՍ

ԱՆՔԼԵՐԵՆ

ԹԵՍՏ 7

Խմբի համարը

Նստարանի համարը

Հարգելի՛ դիմորդ

Խորհուրդ ենք տալիս առաջադրանքները կատարել ըստ հերթականության: Ուշադիր կարդացե՛ք յուրաքանչյուր առաջադրանք և պատասխանների առաջարկվող տարբերակները: Եթե Ձեզ չի հաջողվում որևէ առաջադրանքի անմիջապես պատասխանել, ժամանակը խնայելու նպատակով կարող եք այն բաց թողնել և դրան անդրադառնալ ավելի ուշ:

Ձեր առջև դրված թեստ-գրքույկի էջերի դատարկ մասերը Դուք ազատորեն կարող եք օգտագործել սևագրության համար: **Թեստ-գրքույկը չի ստուգվում: Ստուգվում է միայն պատասխանների ձևաթուղթը:**

Առաջադրանքները կատարելուց հետո չմոռանաք պատասխանները ուշադիր և խնամքով նշել պատասխանների ձևաթղթում: Պատասխանների ձևաթղթի ճիշտ լրացումից է կախված Ձեր քննական միավորը:

Ցանկանում ենք հաջողություն:

I. Կարդալ տեքստը և պատասխանել հարցերին՝ ընտրելով ճիշտ տարբերակը:
Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right option.

Line number

1. In that faraway village in Zimbabwe the pupils' ages ranged from six to 26, because some
2. who did not get schooling as children were there to make it up. Some pupils walked many miles
3. every morning, rain or shine and across rivers. The girls had to fetch water and cook before
4. they set off for school and when they got back. They struggled to do homework because there
5. was no electricity in the villages; you can't study easily by the light of a burning log. But what
6. astonished me most was a real desire to learn and a longing to read.

7. The school 'library' was half a room with nothing more than an encyclopedia and a few
8. **old paperbacks**. Each of these had been read and re-read a thousand times, and they wanted
9. more. "Please send us books when you get back to London," one man said. "They taught us how
10. to read but we have no books." Everybody I met, everyone, begged for books.

11. Some time later I gave a talk at a school in North London, a very good school with
12. beautiful buildings and gardens. The children there seemed not to be interested in anything,
13. though they were visited by some well-known person every week: these might be fathers,
14. relatives, even mothers of the pupils; a visit from a celebrity was not unusual for them.
15. Afterwards I asked the teachers how the library was, and if the pupils read. I heard what I
16. always hear when I go to such schools and even universities. "You know how it is," one of the
17. teachers said. "A lot of the boys have never read at all, and the library is only half used."

18. Sadly, we do know how it is. We are in a culture where it is common for young men and
19. women, who have had years of education, to know nothing of the world, to have read nothing,
20. knowing only some speciality or other, for instance, computers. We are in the middle of a
21. revolution brought on by computers and the internet and TV. It is an amazing revolution, but it
22. is also dangerous.

23. The Internet has already attracted a whole generation with its stupidities, so that even
24. quite **reasonable** people can become addicted and find it hard to cut free. But perhaps more
25. importantly, the internet has stopped a whole generation from reading books.

26. Until recently, everyone would respect learning, education and our great treasure-house of
27. literature, going back to the Egyptians, the Greeks, the Romans. It is all there, this wealth of
28. literature, **to be discovered** again and again. But if we ever lost all interest in these books, it
29. would be as if they didn't exist. And then how uneducated, how empty we would be.

1 The writer was shocked by

- a) the attitude of the other teachers.
- b) the great wish of the pupils to learn and read.
- c) the lack of resources.
- d) the lack of teachers.

2 According to the text the pupils at the school in Zimbabwe

- a) were unable to do any homework.
- b) were well-educated
- c) varied considerably in age.
- d) all had part time jobs.

3 The library at the school in Zimbabwe

- a) did not allow students to take books out.
- b) had a large reading hall.
- c) was rarely used by the students.
- d) had very few books.

4 How did the pupils at the London school feel about the writer's visit?

- a) They were not particularly excited.
- b) They had never met a well-known person.
- c) They wanted to hear more about Zimbabwe.
- d) They were enthusiastic about attending her talk.

5 When she heard about the library in the London school, the writer was

- a) surprised.
- b) amazed.
- c) bored.
- d) disappointed.

6 The writer is particularly angry about the effects of

- a) the internet.
- b) literature.
- c) TV.
- d) libraries.

7 The word *reasonable* used in line 24 is NOT synonymous with

- a) sensitive
- b) intelligent
- c) sensible
- d) wise

8 The writer feels we would be uneducated if we

- a) were no longer interested in reading.
- b) were hard-working.
- c) spent more money on education.
- d) no longer studied ancient cultures.

9 The expression *to be discovered* in line 28 can best be replaced by

- a) to be disclosed
- b) to be discussed
- c) to be invented
- d) to be founded

10 Which best expresses the meaning of the expression *old paperbacks* in line 8?

- a) forgotten books
- b) old books with paper covers
- c) ancient newspapers
- d) old covers

II. Ընտրել ճիշտ տարբերակը:
Choose the right option.

Albert Einstein was a German-born physicist, although most people probably (11)_____ him as the most intelligent person who ever (12)_____. His name (13)_____ part of many languages when we want to say someone is a genius, as in the phrase, “He’s a real Einstein”. He (14)_____ pretty brainy to discover the Theory of Relativity and the equation $E=mc^2$.

11

- a) knows
- b) was known
- c) know
- d) known

12

- a) was living
- b) lived
- c) living
- d) lives

13

- a) has become
- b) will become
- c) was becoming
- d) had become

14

- a) must have been
- b) had to be
- c) must be
- d) can be

In 1999, 'Time' magazine (15)_____ Einstein as the Person of the Century. No one could have guessed this (16)_____ when he was at school. He was extremely interested in science but hated the system of learning by heart. He said it (17)_____ learning and creativity. He (18)_____ many experiments, but failed the entrance exams to a technical college. Twelve years later he (19)_____ a university professor and in 1921, he won the Nobel Prize for Physics.

15

- a) has been named
- b) named
- c) is named
- d) was named

16

- a) had happened
- b) is happening
- c) will happen
- d) would happen

17

- a) was destroyed
- b) have destroyed
- c) was destroying
- d) will destroy

18

- a) had done
- b) was done
- c) have been done
- d) has done

19

- a) been
- b) had been
- c) was
- d) will be

He (20)_____ on to publish over 300 scientific papers. Einstein is the only scientist to become a cult figure, a household name, and part of everyday culture. He once joked that when people stopped him in the street, he always replied: "Pardon me, sorry! Always I (21)_____ for Professor Einstein." Today, he (22)_____ as the typical mad, absent-minded professor, who just (23)_____ to change our world.

20

- a) would go
- b) went
- c) had gone
- d) was gone

21

- a) was mistaken
- b) had mistaken
- c) has been mistaken
- d) am mistaken

22

- a) is seen
- b) had seen
- c) will be seen
- d) was seen

23

- a) is coming
- b) came
- c) had come
- d) comes

III. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը:
Choose the appropriate option.

24 “I think the train moves at 8 pm.”
“Oh. We don’t have _____ to get there.”

- a) little time
- b) enough time
- c) time enough
- d) too time

25 “The soup is hot.”
“The _____, the better.”

- a) hotly
- b) hottest
- c) hot
- d) hotter

26 Unfortunately, I’ve never seen Angela _____. They say she took the first prize at the competition last year.

- a) dance
- b) dances
- c) is dancing
- d) to dance

27 “I was so busy last week. I could not even find time to watch my favorite program.”
“_____.”

- a) Neither could I
- b) So could I
- c) I neither
- d) Nor I could

28 “How many _____ have you got?”
“Two.”

- a) sister-in-laws
- b) sisters-in-the-laws
- c) sisters-in-law
- d) of sisters-in-law

29

"I have something to tell you, Joe. Let's go to the study-room."

"You may speak _____ here. There is nobody in the house."

- a) more free
- b) the freer
- c) free
- d) freely

30

"I know you are studying Math. Are you studying Chemistry too?"

"Yes, I am studying _____ Math _____ also Chemistry."

- a) neither...nor
- b) not only... but
- c) both...or
- d) either...or

31

"If only I had taken your _____!"

"Yes. You wouldn't have any problem."

- a) an advice
- b) advice
- c) advises
- d) advices

32

"I don't like tea with such a lot of milk."

"Well, put in _____ milk next time."

- a) less
- b) a little of
- c) less than
- d) a little than

33

"Ann looks like a smart student."

"Oh, yes, she is always the first _____ her homework."

- a) to being finished with
- b) to finish
- c) finishing
- d) finished with

34

My new glasses cost me _____ the last pair that I bought.

- a) three times as much as
- b) as much three times as
- c) times three
- d) three times more

- 35 “What time are your friends arriving?”
“I don’t know. They _____ arrive on time.”
- a) still
 - b) never
 - c) yet
 - d) already

- 36 “Have you quarrelled with Jack?”
“Yes. We don’t socialize _____.”
- a) not any longer
 - b) not so long
 - c) no longer
 - d) any longer

- 37 “What’s Mary doing?”
“She is sitting on the bed _____ a book.”
- a) having to read
 - b) to be reading
 - c) reading
 - d) to read

IV. Ընտրել համատեքստին համապատասխանող խոսքի մասային ձևը:
Fill in the blanks with the word form that best fits each space.

One of the mainstays of life is making and keeping appointments. Many people consider “an appointment” to mean a doctor’s visit or a job interview or other (38)_____ meetings. However, it is important to (39)_____ that such activities as meeting a friend for lunch or dinner, going to a concert with friends, or having work done on your flat are also (40)_____. Setting and handling appointments is a must for those learning business English and require some basic organizational skills. The ability to set appointments, both formal and informal, changing or (41)_____ appointments, and confirming appointments (42)_____ and clearly will help you efficiently manage your time, help you be more productive, and help alleviate stress.

- 38
- a) informality
 - b) informally
 - c) formal
 - d) formally

39

- a) real
- b) realize
- c) realization
- d) realized

40

- a) appoint
- b) appointments
- c) appointing
- d) appointment

41

- a) cancelled
- b) cancelation
- c) cancelling
- d) cancel

42

- a) efficiently
- b) inefficiently
- c) inefficient
- d) efficient

**V. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը:
Choose the right option.**

43

_____ the masterpiece looked like genuine Dali, the signature was definitely a fake.

- a) Although
- b) Because of
- c) Despite
- d) In spite of

44

_____ than he began to feel sleepy.

- a) Hardly had he drunk the coffee
- b) He had hardly drunk the coffee
- c) He had no sooner drunk the coffee
- d) He no sooner drinks the coffee

45 _____ it was extremely windy, we managed to have a good game of beach volleyball.

- a) In spite of
- b) Even though
- c) However
- d) No matter

46 _____ getting the highest result in the class, John still had problems with the teacher.

- a) Even though
- b) Nonetheless
- c) Despite of
- d) In spite of

47 George knew how to improve his test scores _____ he did not have enough time to study.

- a) due to
- b) unless
- c) despite
- d) but

48 That evening after he got home, he was scolded by his mother _____ the extravagant green dye in his hair.

- a) because of
- b) in spite of
- c) since
- d) as

49 For many years people have wondered _____ life exists elsewhere in the universe.

- a) even if
- b) though
- c) whether
- d) so that

50 _____ Johnson & Smith reached great heights in the business world, they encountered many great difficulties in promoting their theories and methods.

- a) Despite of
- b) Due to
- c) Still
- d) Before

VI. Ընտրել ճիշտ փոխակերպված նախադասությունները:
Choose the correctly transformed sentences.

51

1. *“Do you have a work permit?” asked Bill.*
Bill asked if I had a work permit.
2. *He said: “There was an accident outside the supermarket.”*
He asked us if there had been an accident outside the supermarket.
3. *She said she would come with me as soon as she was ready.*
“I’ll come with you as soon as I am ready,” she says.
4. *“Who would like to join our Drama Group?” she said.*
She wanted to know who would like to join their Drama Group.
5. *“Think well before you answer,” the professor said to her.*
The professor told her to think well before she answered.

52

1. *The teacher said to us, “Hand in your papers. The time is up.”*
The teacher told us hand in our papers but the time was up.
2. *He asked me what effect the treatment had on her.*
He said to me: “What effect does the treatment have on her?”
3. *She said to Liza: “Does he usually take his wife with him when he goes on a business trip?”*
She asked Liza if he usually took his wife with him when he went on a business trip.
4. *Mother said to us: “You shouldn’t buy this house. It is on the main road.”*
Mother advised us not to buy that house as it was on the main road.
5. *They said: “There was a terrible storm in the south-west of the USA last night.”*
They said that there had been a terrible storm in the south-west of the USA the previous night.

53

1. *The girl asked him not to buy a ticket as she didn’t want to go to the cinema that day.*
“Please, don’t buy a ticket, I don’t want to go to the cinema today,” the girl said to him.
2. *He said: “You won’t find anything interesting here. You’d better go to the bookshop.”*
He said that I wouldn’t find anything interesting there and advised me to go to the bookshop.
3. *“Will you have finished your work by the time I arrive?” said my friend.*
My friend asked me if I would have finished my work by the time he arrives.
4. *Pam said to us: “My son is allowed to watch television if he has finished his homework.”*
Pam told us that her son was allowed to watch television if he had finished his homework.
5. *Lucy asked me: “How did you like your dinner with Mr. Jackson on Sunday?”*
Lucy asked if I have liked my dinner with Mr. Jackson on Sunday.

1. *Bob said to Ted: "Thanks. You were very helpful yesterday."*
Bob thanked Ted for he had been very helpful the day before.
2. *Mother says: "When will you be able to take your little sister to the park, Ben?"*
Mother asked Ben if when he will be able to take his little sister to the park
3. *"Did any of you actually see the accident happen?" said the policeman.*
The policeman asked if some of us had actually seen the accident happen.
4. *Ann said Jack's parents had asked her to supper the following night.*
"Jack's parents have asked me to supper tomorrow night," said Ann.
5. *Lily said to her sister: "Don't forget to take your bag."*
Lily reminded her sister to take her bag.

1. *"Did you send a letter to your parents last week?" asked aunt Mary.*
Aunt Mary asked if I had sent a letter to my parents the previous week.
2. *"You will feel better tomorrow if you stay in bed," says the doctor.*
The doctor says I will feel better tomorrow if I stay in bed.
3. *He said he couldn't help me as he is busy then.*
He said: "We can't help you. We are busy then."
4. *Mother said: "Don't go out without a coat, Lucy! It's snowing."*
Mother warned Lucy not to go out without a coat as it was snowing.
5. *"Joshua, when are you going to file a report about the incident?" Martin asked.*
Martin asked when Joshua was going to file a report about the incident.

VII. Տեղադրել բառերը համատեքստում՝ բովանդակությանը համապատասխան (տրված բառերից երկուսն ավելորդ են):

Fill in each gap with an appropriate word from the list below (two odd variants are given).

The Old Man and the Sea is the story of a _____ between an old, experienced Cuban fisherman and a large marlin. The novel opens with the explanation that the fisherman, who is _____ Santiago, has gone 84 days without catching a fish. In fact, he is so unlucky that his young apprentice, Manolin, has been forbidden by his parents to sail with the old man and been ordered to fish with more _____ fishermen. Still dedicated to the old man, however, the boy visits Santiago's shack each night. On the eighty-fifth day, Santiago sets out alone, taking his skiff far onto the Gulf Stream. He sets his lines and, by _____ of the first day, a big fish that he is sure is a marlin takes his bait. After a long struggle with the fish Santiago _____ to strap the marlin to the side of his skiff and heads home, thinking about the high price the fish will bring him at the market and how many people he will feed.

1. noon 2. battle 3. yesterday 4. successful 5. named 6. manages 7. struggles

**VIII. Ընտրել քերականորեն ճիշտ ձևակերպված հարցական նախադասությունները:
Choose the correctly formulated questions.**

57

1. What do you do that is good for your mental health?
2. It's time you made a final decision, don't you?
3. Do they have to book tickets tomorrow or next week?
4. When brought the students their works?
5. He's got some problems at the office, doesn't he?

58

1. What do you think he will do to save the situation?
2. Are you through with your work?
3. Had to all these articles you for your graduation work read?
4. Are you working still on your report or you finished it?
5. Ted's got used to going to bed late, hasn't he?

59

1. Did the football match take place yesterday or not?
2. How many guests at the party there were last night?
3. Is the roast beef overdone or it's underdone this time?
4. Mr Rochester had to spend a weekend in London, didn't he?
5. Remember to buy a bottle of whisky, will you?

60

1. There's hardly any money left, is there?
2. Did you use to live in a house before you moved into this flat?
3. Did they make the enemy withdraw the troops from the city or not?
4. Coldrex is considered to reduce temperature or not?
5. Your brother's fond of westerns, hasn't he?

61

1. Everybody wanted to be present at that meeting, weren't they?
2. Where will be going the Browns tonight?
3. How did you like the new performance?
4. Is it time for you to make a decision, hasn't it?
5. What did she use to do when she lived in Greece?

IX. Լրացնել տեքստը՝ տեղադրելով համապատասխան նախդիրները/մակբայները (տրված տարբերակներից երկուսն ավելորդ են):
Fill in the gaps with the prepositions/adverbs given below (two of them are odd).

62

Once _____ an interview Mr. Wilson was questioned _____ the harmful effects of horror movies on teenagers. He argued that such effects were often exaggerated and claimed that other types _____ films were far more dangerous for young people. When asked to prove this, he pointed _____ that horror films were often set in unreal situations and were clearly not to be taken seriously. _____ contrast, he claimed that films showing violent crime were often set in everyday life, and were therefore more damaging.

1. for 2. during 3. about 4. in 5. out 6. of 7. upon

X. Ընտրել այն նախադասությունները որոնցում կա ավելորդ բառ:
Choose the sentences with an odd word.

63

1. My mother asked me if how we could help a neighbour of ours.
2. Adventure holidays are only recommended for those who want to return from their holidays more exhausted than when they left.
3. Not only did he give us good advice but he also helped us do the work.
4. Scientists have discovered that at least ninety percent of human race is right-handed.
5. I haven't picked up my mail for two days and I don't really care for.

64

1. As soon as I learnt that I had been accepted for that post, I will cheered up.
2. While in some parts of the world it is jewelry that indicates high economic status, in others, it is been fur coats.
3. If he were elected president, he would make a lot of changes.
4. I liked English and I used to read a lot when I was at school.
5. Unless they don't repair this road, there is a serious risk of an accident on it.

65

1. That diamonds are a form of carbon has been known since the late eighteenth century.
2. I played so much football yesterday that I wore out of two pairs of boots.
3. Liquids take the shape of the container in which they are placed.
4. The minister was seen to leave the office hurriedly.
5. Helium has the most lowest boiling point of all substances.

66

1. When a country is in an early step of development, so investments in fixed capital are vital.
2. My sister has always believed that honesty pays.
3. I didn't know you wouldn't be coming; at least you could have telephoned by me.
4. She used to visit her friend when she lived in London.
5. We had better to send the letter today and receive the answer as soon as possible.

67

1. Labels in your clothes tell you how long to care for those clothes.
2. The first professional baseball game took place in 1846 in New York.
3. His remark was so funny that I couldn't help from laughing.
4. The boss suggested to me to look for another job.
5. More than 20 million people throughout the world died from influenza.

**XI. Տրված նախադասություններից որո՞նք են կրավորական սեռով ճիշտ ձևակերպված:
Choose the correctly formulated Passive constructions.**

68

1. The aqualung invented in Paris by Jacques Cousteau and Emile Gagnan.
2. The Nobel Peace Prize for 2009 was awarded to Barack Obama.
3. The hot sun deprived the flowers of water.
4. All the necessary wedding accessories can be bought at this shop.
5. *The Ninth Wave* was painted in 1850 by Armenian marine painter Aivazovsky.

69

1. They hope to have finished building their new house by winter.
2. Breathing in the smoke, non-smokers are exposed to the same hazardous chemicals as smokers are.
3. Sign language, the language used by the deaf, has a five-hundred-year history.
4. The signal of recall was given by the admiral.
5. Some of the mistakes cannot be corrected.

70

1. This heavy hammer must have been made of iron.
2. Portions of the *Requiem* were composed by Mozart during his final years in Vienna.
3. The Egyptians used henna to stain their fingernails.
4. We shall have moved to a new flat by your arrival.
5. The flying object was seen to disappear in the sky.

71

1. Several houses were washed away by the flood.
2. Protestant tract writers responded to Gregory's calendar by calling him *the Roman Antichrist*.
3. The diploma paper was written in good English.
4. A new film about the Armenian genocide is being made at present.
5. The incident would have argued about for a long time.

72

1. Mr Smith's lectures were being listened to with interest.
2. No prince of the house of Lancaster betrayed a wish to renew the quarrel with the Church.
3. He was shot with a rifle.
4. Evidently somebody had informed him of the news before.
5. These consonants pronounced with aspiration.

**XII. Համապատասխանեցնել բառերը և սահմանումները:
Match the words and their definitions.**

73

- | | |
|-----------|---|
| A) Body | 1) a part of a tree on which leaves, flowers and fruit grow |
| B) Skin | 2) a tree growing at the riverside |
| C) Branch | 3) the outer covering of something |
| D) Stem | 4) the long, thin part of a plant above the ground |
| | 5) the whole physical structure of a human being |

74

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| A) Caring | 1) displaying kindness and concern for others |
| B) Shy | 2) embarrassed in the company of other people |
| C) Sociable | 3) certain about your abilities |
| D) Confident | 4) having a strong sense of humour |
| | 5) willing to talk and engage in activities with other people |

75

- | | |
|-------------|---|
| A) Prize | 1) an award given to the winner |
| B) Coin | 2) the amount of money that you pay for something |
| C) Price | 3) reduction of prices |
| D) Discount | 4) a small flat piece of metal used as money |
| | 5) a paper banknote |

76

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| A) Desire | 1) strongly wish for or want |
| B) Worship | 2) have a strong feeling of dislike for smth |
| C) Fascinate | 3) form a mental image or concept of smth |
| D) Imagine | 4) love and admire somebody very much, especially so much that you cannot see their faults |
| | 5) attract the strong attention and interest of someone |

**XIII. Համապատասխանեցնել նախադասության երկու մասերը:
Match the beginning and the end of the sentences.**

77

- | | |
|--|---|
| A) The prices were a bit high, but we thought | 1) we can't get very much for our money. |
| B) The prices are high, so | 2) we've decided to think over the problem. |
| C) The auction, which lasted about seven minutes | 3) is very unusual. |
| D) Researchers discovered many hidden paintings | 4) was attended only by collectors. |
| | 5) from Picasso's "blue period". |
| | 6) that it would be worth it, if the food was good. |

78

- | | |
|---|---|
| A) We will look forward | 1) and working to save money. |
| B) The fridges were advertised | 2) and these armchairs are broken. |
| C) The carpet was worn, the chairs were uncomfortable | 3) to returning in the future. |
| D) He spent the next few years completing college | 4) and the walls needed painting. |
| | 5) to visit the famous museum. |
| | 6) and their advantages were described in detail. |

79

- | | |
|---|--|
| A) The city was amazing , it was like | 1) a history museum alive. |
| B) He hopes that after returning to the USA | 2) he will be able to work as a travel writer. |
| C) We live in an open-air museum where | 3) you can get everywhere by bike. |
| D) There are almost no palaces or towers here | 4) there were only canals. |
| | 5) but all the ordinary houses are lovely. |
| | 6) was tired and exhausted. |

80

- | | |
|--|---|
| A) John looked suddenly grave, and his face | 1) became even paler. |
| B) Young as she was, she barely | 2) understood what was happening. |
| C) Tom keeps a blog where he documents his trips | 3) likes hanging in the social nets. |
| D) Her umbrella blocked the sun rays | 4) it is raining heavily. |
| | 5) and posts wonderful photos he's taken. |
| | 6) but nothing blocked the heat. |